Thermo SCIENTIFIC

PRODUCT INFORMATION

PvuII

#ER0631 2500 U

Lot: ___ **Expiry Date: _**

5'...**C A G↓C T G**...3'
3'...**G T C↑G A C**...5'

Concentration: 10 U/µL
Source: *Proteus vulgaris*
Supplied with: 1 mL of 10X Buffer G
1 mL of 10X Buffer Tango

Store at -20°C

In total 3 vials. BSA included

www.thermoscientific.com/onebio

RECOMMENDATIONS

1X Buffer G (for 100% PvuII digestion)
10 mM Tris-HCl (pH 7.5), 10 mM $MgCl_2$, 50 mM NaCl, 0.1 mg/mL BSA.

Incubation temperature
37°C.

Unit Definition
One unit is defined as the amount of PvuII required to digest 1 µg of lambda DNA in 1 hour at 37°C in 50 µL of recommended reaction buffer.

Dilution
Dilute with Dilution Buffer (#B19): 10 mM Tris-HCl (pH 7.4 at 25°C) 100 mM KCl, 1 mM EDTA, 1 mM DTT, 0.2 mg/mL BSA and 50% glycerol.

Double Digests
Thermo Scientific Tango Buffer is provided to simplify buffer selection for double digests. 98% of Thermo Scientific restriction enzymes are active in a 1X or 2X concentration of Tango™ Buffer. Please refer to www.thermoscientific.com/doubledigest to choose the best buffer for your experiments.
1X Tango Buffer: 33 mM Tris-acetate (pH 7.9 at 37°C), 10 mM magnesium acetate, 66 mM potassium acetate, 0.1 mg/mL BSA.

Storage Buffer
PvuII is supplied in: 10 mM Tris-HCl (pH 7.4 at 25°C) 100 mM KCl, 1 mM EDTA, 1 mM DTT, 0.2 mg/mL BSA and 50% glycerol.

Recommended Protocol for Digestion

- Add:

nuclease-free water	16 µL
10X Buffer G	2 µL
DNA (0.5-1 µg/µL)	1 µL
PvuII	0.5-2 µL***,****

- Mix gently and spin down for a few seconds.
- Incubate at 37°C for 1-16 hours******.

The digestion reaction may be scaled either up or down.

Recommended Protocol for Digestion of PCR Products Directly after Amplification

- Add:

PCR reaction mixture	10 µL (~0.1-0.5 µg of DNA)
nuclease-free water	18 µL
10X Buffer G	2 µL
PvuII	1-2 µL***,****

- Mix gently and spin down for a few seconds.
- Incubate at 37°C for 1-16 hours******.

***** This volume of the enzyme is recommended for preparations of standard concentrations (10 U/µL), whereas HC enzymes (50 U/µL) should be diluted with Dilution Buffer to obtain 10 U/µL concentration.

****** *See* Star Activity.

Thermal Inactivation

PvuII is not inactivated by incubation at 80°C for 20 min.

Inactivation Procedure

- To prepare the digested DNA for electrophoresis:
  – stop the digestion reaction by adding 0.5 M EDTA, pH 8.0 (#R1021), to achieve a 20 mM final concentration. Mix thoroughly, add an electrophoresis loading dye and load onto gel.
- To prepare DNA suitable for further enzymatic reactions:
  – extract with phenol/chloroform, precipitate with ethanol or isopropanol, wash the pellet with 75% cold ethanol and air-dry;
  – dissolve DNA in either nuclease-free water, TE buffer, or a buffer suitable for further applications;
  – check the DNA concentration in the solution.

For **ENZYME PROPERTIES** and **CERTIFICATE OF ANALYSIS** *see* back page

ENZYME PROPERTIES

Enzyme Activity in Thermo Scientific REase Buffers, %

B	G	O	R	Tango	2X Tango
50-100*	**100**	20-50	50-100	20-50*	20-50*

*Star activity appears at a greater than 5-fold overdigestion (5 U × 1h).

Star Activity

An excess of PvuII (15 U/µg DNA × 1 hour) may result in star activity.

Methylation Effects on Digestion

Dam: never overlaps – no effect.
Dcm: never overlaps – no effect.
CpG: never overlaps – no effect.
EcoKI: never overlaps – no effect.
EcoBI: may overlap – not determined.

Stability during Prolonged Incubation

A minimum of 0.2 units of the enzyme is required for complete digestion of 1 µg of lambda DNA in 16 hours at 37°C.

Digestion of Agarose-embedded DNA

A minimum of 5 units of the enzyme is required for complete digestion of 1 µg of agarose-embedded lambda DNA in 16 hours.

Number of Recognition Sites in DNA

λ	ΦX174	pBR322	pUC57	pUC18/19	pTZ19R/U	M13mp18/19
15	0	1	2	2	2	3

CERTIFICATE OF ANALYSIS

Overdigestion Assay

No detectable change in the specific fragmentation pattern is observed after a 10-fold overdigestion with PvuII (10 U/µg lambda DNA × 1 hour) (*see* Star Activity).

Ligation and Recleavage (L/R) Assay

The ligation and recleavage assay was replaced with LO test after validating experiments showed LO test ability to trace nuclease and phosphatase activities with sensitivity that is higher than L/R by a factor of 100.

Labeled Oligonucleotide (LO) Assay

No detectable degradation of single-stranded or double-stranded labeled oligonucleotides occurred during incubation with 10 units of PvuII for 4 hours.

Quality authorized by: Jurgita Zilinskiene